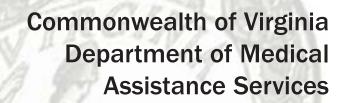
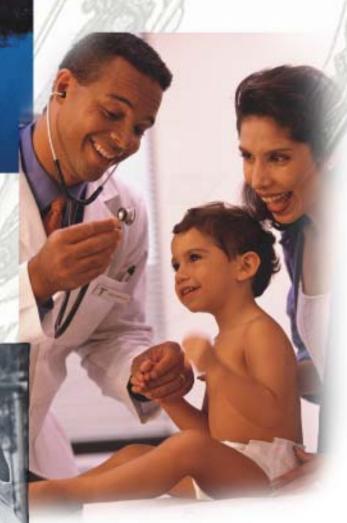
# delmarva foundation



**External Quality Review** 



Southern Health Services (CareNet)

**SFY 2005** 



# **Section II - Performance Improvement Projects**

### Introduction

As part of the annual External Quality Review (EQR), Delmarva conducted a review of Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs) submitted by each MCO contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS). According to its contract with DMAS, each MCO is required to conduct performance improvement projects that are designed to achieve, through ongoing measurements and intervention, significant improvement, sustained over time, in clinical care and non-clinical care areas that are expected to have a favorable effect on health outcomes and enrollee satisfaction. According to the contract, the performance improvement projects must include the measurement of performance using objective quality indicators, the implementation of system interventions to achieve improvement in quality, evaluation of the effectiveness of the interventions, and planning and initiation of activities for increasing or sustaining improvement.

The guidelines utilized for PIP review activities were CMS' Validation of PIPs protocols. After developing a crosswalk between the QIA form and Validating PIP Worksheet, Delmarva staff developed review processes and worksheets using CMS' protocols as guidelines (2002). CMS' Validation of PIPs assists EQROs in evaluating whether or not the PIP was designed, conducted, and reported in a sound manner and the degree of confidence a state agency could have in the reported results.

Prior to the PIP review for the 2003 review period (July through December 2003) training on the new validation requirements was provided to the Medallion II MCOs and Delmarva review staff. This training consisted of a four-hour program provided by Delmarva to orient the MCOs to the new BBA requirements and PIP validation protocols so that they would be familiar with the protocols used to evaluate their performance. CMS' validation protocols, *Conducting and Validating Performance Improvement Projects*, were presented to the MCOs in hardcopy during the training.

For the 2003 review period, the reviewers evaluated the entire project submission, although the minimum requirement was that each MCO review and analyze its baseline performance in 2003 to develop strong, self-sustaining interventions targeted to reach meaningful improvement.

For the current review period, calendar year (CY) 2004, the same protocols and tools were used. Reviewers evaluated each project submitted using the CMS validation tools. This included assessing each project across ten steps. These ten steps include:

- Step 1: Review the Selected Study Topics
- Step 2: Review the Study Questions
- Step 3: Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)
- Step 4: Review the Identified Study Population
- Step 5: Review Sampling Methods
- Step 6: Review the MCO's Data Collection Procedures
- Step 7: Assess the MCO's Improvement Strategies
- Step 8: Review Data Analysis and Interpretation of Study Results
- Step 9: Assess the Likelihood that Reported Improvement is Real Improvement, and
- Step 10: Assess Whether the MCO has Sustained its Documented Improvement.

As Delmarva staff conducted the review, each component within a standard (step) was rated as "yes," "no," or "N/A" (not applicable). Components were then rolled up to create a determination of "met," "partially met," "unmet," or "not applicable" for each of the ten standards. Table 1 describes this scoring methodology.

Table 1. Rating Scale for Performance Improvement Project Validation Review

Rating	Rating Methodology
Met	All required components were present.
Partially Met	One but not all components were present.
Unmet	None of the required components were present.
Not Applicable	None of the required components are applicable.

#### Results

This section presents an overview of the findings of the Validation Review conducted for each PIP submitted by the MCO. Each MCO's PIP was reviewed against all 27 components contained within the ten standards.

Southern Health Services (CareNet) provided the ten activities assessed for each PIP are presented in Table 2 below.

Table 2. 2004 Performance Improvement Project Review for CareNet

		Review Dete	ermination
Activity Number	Activity Description	Increase the Number of Members with Asthma to Receive Care According to the Guidelines	Increasing Adolescent Immunization Rates
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Unmet	Partially Met
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Partially Met	Partially Met
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Partially Met	Met
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Partially Met	Partially Met
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Partially Met	Met
8	Review Data Analysis and Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	Partially Met	N/A
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	Met	N/A

#### **Conclusions and Recommendations**

#### **Conclusions**

CareNet provided two PIPs for review. These included, (1) Increasing the Number of Members with Asthma to Receive Care According to the Guidelines, and (2) Increasing Adolescent Immunization Rates. These were evaluated using the Validating Performance Improvement Projects protocol, commissioned by the Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, which allows assessment among 10 different project activities.

For the Asthma Project, the MCO received a review determination of "Met" for four (4) elements, "Partially Met" for five (5) elements, and "Unmet" for one (1) element..

For the second project, Adolescent Immunization Rates, CareNet received a review determination of "Met" for five (5) elements, "Partially Met" for three (3) elements. The remaining two elements were not applicable for this review cycle.

#### Recommendations

Based on a review of each of the two PIPs provided by the MCO, the following recommendations are made to improve the PIP process and performance:

- Develop and submit clear problem statements and/or study questions for all PIPs.
- Ensure that numerators and denominators support all identified indicators.
- Describe all enrollment criteria to clearly define the indicators
- Ensure that all data sources are specified for each indicator.
- Include a description of the internal plan to ensure the collection of valid and reliable data for each indicator.
- Describe a prospective data analysis plan for each indicator.
- Describe the qualifications of staff and personnel used to collect the data for each project.
- Consider undertaking a more aggressive/improved barrier analysis to assist in focusing interventions.
- Assure that interventions are timely.

# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT VALIDATION WORKSHEET

Use this or a similar worksheet as a guide when validating MCO/PHP Quality Improvement Projects. Answer all questions for each activity. Refer to the protocol for detailed information on each area.

ID of evaluator jaa Date of evaluation: <u>July 2005</u>

Demographic Infor	mation							
MCO/PHP Name or ID:	O/PHP Name or ID: Southern Health Services/CareNet							
Project Leader Name:	Jennifer Palmese, Operations Manager							
Telephone Number:	804-527-7040	804-527-7040 Email: jjpalmese@cvty.com						
Name of Quality Improv	Name of Quality Improvement Project: Increasing the Number of Members with Asthma to Receive Care							
According to the Guideli	nes							
Dates in Study Period:	January 1, 1999	to December 31, 2004 Phase: Remeasurement 5						

I. ACTIVITY 1: ASSESS THE STUD	Y METH	ODOLO	GY	I. ACTIVITY 1: ASSESS THE STUDY METHODOLOGY							
Step 1. REVIEW THE SELECTED S	TUDY TOI	PIC (S)									
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar						
					References						
1.1 Was the topic selected through data	$\boxtimes$			Southern Health Services/CareNet (CareNet)	QAPI RE2Q1						
collection and analysis of				submitted internal Medicaid - specific data to justify	QAPI RE2Q2,3,4						
comprehensive aspects of enrollee				the choice of the study topic. Asthma has	QIA S1A1						
needs, care and services?				consistently ranked in the top 25 diagnoses for							
				inpatient and ambulatory services. CareNet							
				utilization data revealed that approximately 6% of							
				enrollees diagnosed with asthma had an emergency							
				room (ER) visit in 1998. As noted in the 2003 review							
				this report should describe more recent data							
				analyzed to justify the choice of the topic and focus							
				area.							
1.2 Did the MCO/PHP QIP address a broad	$\boxtimes$			This PIP seeks to decrease ER and hospital	QAPI RE2Q1						
spectrum of key aspects of enrollee				admissions for Medallion II enrollees who have been	QIA S1A2						
care and services?				diagnosed with asthma. The PIP also includes a goal							
				to increase flu vaccinations to enrollees with a							
				diagnosis of asthma. This PIP, over time, did							
				address multiple care and delivery systems that have							
				the ability to pose barriers to improved enrollee							
				outcomes and meets the requirements of this							
				element.							
1.3 Did the MCO/PHP QIP include all	$\boxtimes$			Southern Health chose to include all CareNet	QAPI RE2Q1						
enrolled populations; i.e., did not				members identified as asthmatic via ICD9 code 493.	QIA S1A2						
exclude certain enrollees such as with				No exclusions were noted.							
those with special health care needs?											

l.	ACTIVITY 1: ASSESS THE STUDY METHODOLOGY
Step 1	REVIEW THE SELECTED STUDY TOPIC (S)
Assess	ment Component 1
	Met – All required components are present.
	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
	mendations be more recent data analyzed to justify the choice of the topic and focus area.

Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar References		
2.1 Was there a clear problem statement				PIP documentation did not state a specific problem	QIA S1A3		
that described the rationale for the				or study question relating to the Medallion II			
study?				population.			
Assessment Component 2							
Met – All required components are present.							
Partially Met - Some, but not all components are present.							
✓ Unmet -None of the required components is present.							
Unmet -None of the required components is present.  Recommendations  Submit a clear problem statement or study question that identifies why CareNet decided to focus on this project as a meaningful activity for the Medallion II population enrolled in 2004.							

Step 3: REVIEW SELECTED STUDY	Y INDICA	TOR (S)			
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
					References
3.1 Did the study use objective, clearly		$\boxtimes$		Three indicators were identified for this study:	QAPI RE3Q1,
defined, measurable indicators?				percent of eligible members who had an influenza	QAPI RE3Q2-6
				vaccination, percent of eligible members who had an	QAPI RE3Q7-8
				acute hospital admission, and percent of eligible	QIA S1B2
				members who had an acute ER visit. ICD 9 code	QIA S1B3
				(493) was used to identify enrollees with a diagnosis	
				of asthma and CPT 9 codes were listed for service	
				utilization. Eligible age parameters are birth to 64	
				and a small population age 65 and above who are	
				eligible CareNet enrollees. Enrollment criteria was	
				not specified which is a component of a clearly	
				defined and measurable indicator.	
3.2 Did the indicators measure changes in	$\boxtimes$			The acute hospital admission and acute ER visit	QAPI RE3Q9
health status, functional status, or				indicators clearly measure changes in health status.	QIA S1B1
enrollee satisfaction, or processes of				The influenza vaccination has been demonstrated to	
care with strong associations with				have a strong association with improved health	
improved outcomes?				outcomes.	
Assessment Component 3					
☐ Met – All required components are p	resent.				
Partially Met – Some, but not all con	nponents	are prese	nt.		
Unmet -None of the required compor	nents are	present.			
Recommendations					
Describe enrollment criteria to clearly define	the indica	ators.			

Step 4: REVIEW THE IDENTIFIED STUDY POPULATION						
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar References	
4.1 Did the MCO/PHP clearly define all Medicaid enrollees to whom the study question(s) and indicator(s) are relevant?	$\boxtimes$			CareNet defined all Medicaid enrollees for all three indicators as enrollees identified as asthmatics in the measurement year based upon ICD 9 code 493.	QAPI RE2Q1, QAPI RE3Q2-6	
4.2 If the MCO/PHP studied the entire population, did its data collection approach capture all enrollees to whom the study question applied?				There was no information provided to support the existence of procedures to ensure that CareNet's data collection approach captured all Medicaid enrollees for any of the three indicators.	QAPI RE4Q1&2 QAPI RE5Q1.2 QIA I B, C	
Assessment Component 4  Met – All required components are positive in the posi	oonents ar	resent.		captures all Medicaid enrollees for each of the indicator	rs.	

Step 5: REVIEW SAMPLING METH	Step 5: REVIEW SAMPLING METHODS							
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar			
					References			
5.1 Did the sampling technique consider			$\boxtimes$	No sampling was used. CareNet stated that they	QAPI RE5Q1.3a			
and specify the true (or estimated)				included the entire eligible population in the PIP.	QIA S1C2			
frequency of occurrence of the event,								
the confidence interval to be used, and								
the margin of error that will be								
acceptable?								
5.2 Did the MCO/PHP employ valid			$\boxtimes$	No sampling was used. CareNet stated that they	QAPI RE5Q1.3b-c			
sampling techniques that protected				included the entire eligible population in the PIP.	QIA S1C2			
against bias?								
Specify the type of sampling or census								
used:								
5.3 Did the sample contain a sufficient			$\boxtimes$	No sampling was used. CareNet stated that they	QAPI RE5Q1.3b-c			
number of enrollees?				included the entire eligible population in the PIP.	QIA S1C2			
Assessment Component 5								
	resent.							
Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.								
Unmet -None of the required components is present.								
Recommendations								

Step 6: REVIEW DATA COLLECTIO	N PROCI	EDURES			
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar References
6.1 Did the study design clearly specify the	$\boxtimes$			Data to be collected was identified to include ICD-9	QAPI RE4Q1&2
data to be collected?				diagnostic codes for asthma and specific CPT codes.	
6.2 Did the study design clearly specify the		$\boxtimes$		Sources of data were identified to include	QAPI RE4Q1&2
sources of data				claims/encounter data. Pharmacy data was not	
				identified as a source; however, it was identified	
				under data collection methodology.	
6.3 Did the study design specify a		$\boxtimes$		The data collection methodology was listed as a	QAPI RE4Q3a
systematic method of collecting valid				programmed pull from claims/encounter files of all	QAPI RE4Q3b
and reliable data that represents the				eligible members as well as pharmacy data. It is	QIA S1C1
entire population to which the study's				unclear whether pharmacy data will be collected	QIA S1C3
indicator(s) apply?				manually or through an automated system. The data	
				collection cycle was identified as once a year. There	
				was no indication of the degree of completeness for	
				automated data. There was no evidence of a plan to	
				audit data to ensure validity and reliability for any	
				indicator. Errors in numerator data for 2002 and	
				2003 support a need for such a plan.	
6.4 Did the instruments for data collection		$\boxtimes$		There was no evidence to support clear data	QAPI RE4Q1&2
provide for consistent, accurate data				collection instruments designed to promote inter-	QAPI RE4Q3b
collection over the time periods				rater reliability for any manual data collection.	QAPI RE7Q1&2
studied?					
6.5 Did the study design prospectively		$\boxtimes$		A prospective data analysis plan was not fully	QAPI RE5Q1.2
specify a data analysis plan?				described, other than to state the frequency of the	
				data analysis cycle.	
6.6 Were qualified staff and personnel				The PIP did not specify the qualifications of	QAPI RE4Q4
used to collect the data?				staff/personnel used to collect the data.	

to collect the data.

Step 6:	REVIEW DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES
Assessn	nent Component 6
	Met - All required components are present.
$\boxtimes$	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
Recomr	mendations
Ensure t	that all data sources are accurately identified for each indicator. Describe the specific audit plan to ensure the collection of valid and reliable
data for	each indicator. Describe the degree of completeness of the automated data used for each study indicator. If manual data collection is
perform	ed for any indicator, describe how the data collection instrument was designed to promote inter-rater reliability. Develop a prospective data

analysis plan that includes specific qualitative or quantitative data to be collected, use of population or sample data and basis for comparison,

including not only baseline but prior period performance, current goal and benchmark, if applicable. Describe qualifications of staff/personnel used

Step 7: ASSESS IMPROVEMENT S	Component/Standard Y N N/A Comments Cites and Similar								
componenty Standard	•	N	14/7	Confinence	References				
7.1 Were reasonable interventions				CareNet performed barrier analysis following the	QAPI RE6Q1a				
undertaken to address causes/barriers				2004 measurement period and developed related	QAPI RE6Q1b				
identified through data analysis and QI				interventions for each enrollee, provider, and	QAPI RE1SQ1-3				
processes undertaken?				administrative barrier identified as has been done	QIA S3.5				
processes undertaken.				following each remeasurement. Interventions have	QIA S4.1				
				focused primarily on enrollee and provider	QIA S4.2				
				education, however, in 2004 identification and	QIA S4.3				
				outreach to non-compliant enrollees was	QIA 04.0				
				implemented as well as targeted case management					
				services for identified high-risk enrollees. Based					
				upon the continued deterioration in rates for acute					
				hospital admissions and an acute ER visit rate nearly					
				twice the baseline rate it appears that the barrier					
				analysis for these two indicators has been					
				inadequate in identifying effective interventions to					
				address opportunities for improvement.					
Assessment Component 7				address opportunities for improvement.					
Met – All required components are p	resent								
Partially Met – Some, but not all con		are nrece	nt						
Unmet -None of the required compor	•	-	110.						
	iciita ia pi								
Recommendations									
Considerable deterioration in rates for acute	hospital a	dmission	s and em	ergency room visits from baseline suggests the need for	improved barrier				
analysis and more aggressive, focused, and t	imely inte	erventions							

Step 8: REVIEW DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS						
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar	
					References	
8.1 Was an analysis of the findings	$\boxtimes$			CareNet analyzed its findings after each	QAPI RE4Q4	
performed according to the data				remeasurement period. Both a quantitative and	QIA III	
analysis plan?				qualitative analysis was performed.		
8.2 Did the MCO/PHP present numerical	$\boxtimes$			The Data/Results Table accurately and clearly		
QIP results and findings accurately and				identified the rate and MCO goal for each indicator		
clearly?				for each measurement period. For MY 2002 and		
				2003 the numerator for all indicators and associated		
				rates were corrected based upon identification of a		
				transcriptional error.		
8.3 Did the analysis identify: initial and	$\boxtimes$			The analysis of results for the three indicators	QAPI RE7Q2	
repeat measurements, statistical				compared the fifth remeasurement with past	QIA S1C4	
significance, factors that influence				performance. Analysis addressed any findings that	QIA S2.1	
comparability of initial and repeat				were statistically significant. No factors were cited		
measurements, and factors that				that threatened internal and external validity or		
threaten internal and external validity?				influenced the comparability of initial and repeat		
				measurements of administrative data.		
8.4 Did the analysis of study data include	$\boxtimes$			The analysis included an assessment of the success	QIA S2.2	
an interpretation of the extent to which				of each indicator relative to past performance.		
its QIP was successful and follow-up				Graphs were included to illustrate the six-year PIP		
activities?				trend for each indicator. The qualitative analysis		
				section addressed opportunities and interventions		
				for each barrier identified.		

Step 8	REVIEW DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS
Assessi	ment Component 8
	Met – All required components are present.
	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
Recom	mendations
The qua	antitative analysis could be strengthened by comparing current rates with the prior period and baseline rates as well as established goal for
each in	dicator.

Step 9: ASSESS WHETHER IMPROVEMENT IS REAL IMPROVEMENT						
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar	
					References	
9.1 Was the same methodology as the	$\boxtimes$			There were no changes to baseline methodology	QAPI RE7Q2	
baseline measurement used when				identified.	QAPI 2SQ1-2	
measurement was repeated?					QIA S1C4	
					QIA \$2.2	
					QIA \$3.1	
					QIA \$3.3	
					QIA \$3.4	
9.2 Was there any documented		$\boxtimes$		Improvement from baseline to remeasurement 5	QAPI RE7Q3	
quantitative improvement in processes				was evident for the influenza vaccination rate, which	QIA S2.3	
or outcomes of care?				was measured at 2% at baseline and at 31.26% at		
				remeasurement 5. For the remaining indicators,		
				acute hospital admissions and emergency room		
				visits, the rates for each measurement period have		
				consistently exceeded the baseline rate.		
9.3 Does the reported improvement in	$\boxtimes$			Improvement in the influenza vaccination rate	QIA S3.2	
performance have face validity; i.e.,				appears to have face validity based upon the		
does the improvement in performance				interventions that were developed to address		
appear to be the result of the planned				identified opportunities for improvement.		
quality improvement intervention?						
9.4 Is there any statistical evidence that		$\bowtie$		There were no statistical tests performed from	QIA S2.3	
any observed performance				baseline or remeasurement 4 to remeasurement 5		
improvement is true improvement?				as had been done for prior measurements.		

Step 9	: ASSESS WHETHER IMPROVEMENT IS REAL IMPROVEMENT
Assessi	ment Component 9
	Met – All required components are present.
$\boxtimes$	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
Recom	mendations
Through	h repeated measurements of the study indicators selected for the project, meaningful change in performance relative to the performance
observe	ed during baseline measurement must be demonstrated for all indicators. Deterioration in rates for acute hospital admissions and
emerge	ency room visits from baseline suggests the need for improved barrier analysis and more aggressive, focused, and timely interventions.
Conside	er performing tests of statistical significance for each indicator for each measurement period as appropriate to determine if observed
perform	nance improvement is true improvement.

Step 10: ASSESS SUSTAINED IMPROVEMENT							
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar		
					References		
10.1 Was sustained improvement	$\boxtimes$			There was evidence to support sustained	QAPI RE2SQ3		
demonstrated through repeated				improvement for the influenza vaccination indicator	QIA II, III		
measurements over comparable time				from baseline to remeasurement 5.			
periods?							
Assessment Component 10							
	Met – All required components are present.						
Partially Met - Some, but not all con	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.						
Unmet -None of the required compor	nents is p	resent.					
Recommendations	Recommendations						

	Key Findings for: Proposal Annual Resubmission Final										
1.	Strengths										
	A suppositative and supplicative analysis was positive and fallowing the social value of each variable and positive and po										
	A quantitative and qualitative analysis was performed following the conclusion of each remeasurement period.										
	CareNet has experienced a statistically significant improvement in the influenza vaccination rate from baseline.										
2.	Best Practices										
	None identified.										
3.	Potential /significant issues experienced by MCO (Barrier Analysis/Clarification Questions)										
	Barriers identified included:										
	Enrollee and provider lack of awareness of benefits of consistent focus on chronic disease like asthma.										
	Enrollee knowledge deficit regarding asthma.										
	> Lack of enrollee knowledge regarding need to have influenza vaccination.										
4.	Actions taken by MCO (Barrier Analysis/Response to Clarification Questions)										
	Actions taken by the MCO included:										
	Educational articles were published in enrollee and provider newsletters.										
	A Complex Asthma Case Manager targets identified high-risk enrollees with asthma.										
	Educational packets on asthma were sent to all newly diagnosed enrollees with asthma.										
	Providers are made aware of current asthma clinical guidelines in an annual mailing and through the MCO website.										
	> An influenza educational reminder was sent to all enrollees with asthma in the annual educational mailing and newsletter.										
	Providers were notified through the provider newsletter.										
5.	Recommendations for the next submission (Pull from each Step Recommendations)										
	Describe record record data analyzed to institute above of the topic and feare are										
	> Describe more recent data analyzed to justify the choice of the topic and focus area.										
	Submit a clear problem statement or study question that identifies why CareNet decided to focus on this project as a meaningful activity										
	for the Medallion II population enrolled in 2004.										
	> Describe enrollment criteria to clearly define the indicators.										
	Describe how CareNet ensures that their data collection approach validly captures all Medicaid enrollees for each of the indicators.										

Key Findings for: Proposal Mannual Resubmission Final
> Ensure that all data sources are accurately identified for each indicator. Describe the specific audit plan to ensure the collection of valid
and reliable data for each indicator. Describe the degree of completeness of the automated data used for each study indicator. If
manual data collection is performed for any indicator, describe how the data collection instrument was designed to promote inter-rater
reliability. Develop a prospective data analysis plan that includes specific qualitative or quantitative data to be collected, use of
population or sample data and basis for comparison, including not only baseline but prior period performance, current goal and
benchmark, if applicable. Describe qualifications of staff/personnel used to collect the data.
> Considerable deterioration in rates for acute hospital admissions and emergency room visits from baseline suggests the need for
improved barrier analysis and more aggressive, focused, and timely interventions.
> The quantitative analysis could be strengthened by comparing current rates with the prior period and baseline rates as well as
established goal for each indicator.
> Through repeated measurements of the study indicators selected for the project, meaningful change in performance relative to the
performance observed during baseline measurement must be demonstrated for all indicators. Deterioration in rates for acute hospital
admissions and emergency room visits from baseline suggests the need for improved barrier analysis and more aggressive, focused,
and timely interventions. Consider performing tests of statistical significance for each indicator for each measurement period as
appropriate to determine if observed performance improvement is true improvement.
☐ The study design and methodology for this PIP submission meets PIP requirements. The EQRO recommends that the MCO continue with
the project and report next year in the Spring of 2006 (exact time to be determined).
☐ The study design and methodology for this PIP submission does not meet PIP requirements. To meet requirements, we recommend the
MCO resubmit the following by (date):
• (Action)
• (Action)

# QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT VALIDATION WORKSHEET

Use this or a similar worksheet as a guide when validating MCO/PHP Quality Improvement Projects. Answer all questions for each activity. Refer to the protocol for detailed information on each area.

ID of evaluator <u>jaa</u> Date of evaluation: <u>July 2005</u>

Demographic Information								
MCO/PHP Name or ID:	Southern Health Services/CareNet							
Project Leader Name:	Jennifer Palmese, Operations Manager							
Telephone Number:	(804) 527-7040 Email: jjpalmese@cvty.com							
Name of Quality Improv	ement Project: Increasing Adolescent Immunization Rates- Medicaid							
Dates in Study Period:	January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2004 Phase: Remeasurement 4							

I. ACTIVITY 1: ASSESS THE STUDY METHODOLOGY						
Step 1. REVIEW THE SELECTED ST	TUDY TO	PIC (S)				
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar	
					References	
1.1 Was the topic selected through data	$\boxtimes$			Southern Health Services/CareNet (CareNet) has	QAPI RE2Q1	
collection and analysis of				analyzed its Medallion II demographic and utilization	QAPI RE2Q2,3,4	
comprehensive aspects of enrollee				data and compared performance on select measures	QIA S1A1	
needs, care and services?				with national data. The PIP notes that CareNet has a		
				prevalence of children and adolescents in their		
				population and that administration of immunizations		
				has consistently ranked in the top 25 outpatient		
				diagnostic categories. Administration rates for five		
				adolescent immunizations were compared to HEDIS		
				rates. According to this analysis CareNet did not		
				meet the national Medicaid Quality Compass 50th		
				percentile benchmark for three out of five rates.		
1.2 Did the MCO/PHP QIP address a broad	$\boxtimes$			This PIP seeks to increase the adolescent rates for	QAPI RE2Q1	
spectrum of key aspects of enrollee				five specific immunizations. While this is considered	QIA S1A2	
care and services?				to be a baseline review this PIP did address over		
				time multiple care and delivery systems that have		
				the ability to pose barriers to improved enrollee		
				outcomes and meets the requirements of this		
				component.		
1.3 Did the MCO/PHP QIP include all	$\boxtimes$			This PIP addresses care of all Medicaid HMO enrolled	QAPI RE2Q1	
enrolled populations; i.e., did not				adolescents who turned 13 years old during the	QIA S1A2	
exclude certain enrollees such as with				measurement and were continuously enrolled for		
those with special health care needs?				twelve months immediately prior to their 13 <sup>th</sup>		
				birthday. For all five indicators CareNet followed the		
				HEDIS eligible population description for Medicaid.		

l.	ACTIVITY 1: ASSESS THE STUDY METHODOLOGY
Step 1	REVIEW THE SELECTED STUDY TOPIC (S)
Assess	ment Component 1
	Met – All required components are present.
	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
Recom	mendations

Step 2: REVIEW THE STUDY QUESTION (S)						
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar	
					References	
2.1 Was there a clear problem statement		$\boxtimes$		CareNet identified a problem with adolescent	QIA S1A3	
that described the rationale for the				immunization rates where three out of five		
study?				reportable rates did not meet the national Medicaid		
				Quality Compass 50th percentile benchmark, which		
				was considered to already be quite low. There was		
				no data from relevant clinical literature to support		
				the potential impact on the health status of the		
				Medallion II population for rates below the national		
				benchmark.		
Assessment Component 2						
☐ Met – All required components are p	resent.					
Partially Met - Some, but not all con	ponents	are prese	nt.			
Unmet -None of the required components is present.						
Recommendations						
Develop a clear problem statement that not only analyzes performance relative to national benchmarks but also cites the potential health						
consequences identified in clinical literature for performance below benchmarks.						

Step 3: REVIEW SELECTED STUDY	/ INDICA	TOR (S)					
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar		
					References		
3.1 Did the study use objective, clearly		$\boxtimes$		Five indicators were identified for this study: the	QAPI RE3Q1,		
defined, measurable indicators?				percentage of enrolled adolescents who turned 13	QAPI RE3Q2-6		
				years old during the measurement year, were	QAPI RE3Q7-8		
				continuously enrolled for 12 months immediately	QIA S1B2		
				prior to their 13 <sup>th</sup> birthday, and who were identified	QIA S1B3		
				as having had by the member's 13 <sup>th</sup> birthday for			
				indicator #1 a second dose of MMR, for indicator #2			
				three Hepatitis B vaccines, for indicator #3 one			
				Varicella (VZV) vaccine, for indicator #4combo 1 and			
				for indicator #5 combo 2. HEDIS measures were			
				used for all five indicators. Numerators for three out			
				of the five indicators, however, were stated			
				incorrectly and did not support the identified			
				indicator.			
3.2 Did the indicators measure changes in	$\boxtimes$			Increases in adolescent immunization rates have	QAPI RE3Q9		
health status, functional status, or				been identified as valid proxy measures for improved	QIA S1B1		
enrollee satisfaction, or processes of				health status.			
care with strong associations with							
improved outcomes?							
Assessment Component 3							
☐ Met – All required components are p	resent.						
Partially Met - Some, but not all con	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.						
Unmet -None of the required compor	Unmet -None of the required components are present.						

# Step 3: REVIEW SELECTED STUDY INDICATOR (S)

Recommendations

Ensure that numerators and denominators support all identified indicators.

Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
			.,,		References
4.1 Did the MCO/PHP clearly define all	$\boxtimes$			CareNet clearly defined all Medicaid enrollees for	QAPI RE2Q1,
Medicaid enrollees to whom the study				each of the five indicators as all enrolled adolescents	QAPI RE3Q2-6
question(s) and indicator(s) are				who turned 13 years old during the measurement	
relevant?				year and who were continuously enrolled for 12	
				months immediately prior to their 13th birthday	
4.2 If the MCO/PHP studied the entire	$\boxtimes$			HEDIS methodology and specifications meet the	QAPI RE4Q1&2
population, did its data collection				requirements of this component.	QAPI RE5Q1.2
approach capture all enrollees to					QIA I B, C
whom the study question applied?					
Assessment Component 4					
Met − All required components are p	resent.				
Partially Met - One, but not all comp	onents a	re present	t <b>.</b>		
Unmet -None of the required compor	nents is p	resent.			
Recommendations					

Step 5: REVIEW SAMPLING METH	HODS				
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
					References
5.1 Did the sampling technique consider	$\boxtimes$			HEDIS methodology and specifications meet the	QAPI RE5Q1.3a
and specify the true (or estimated)				requirements of this component.	QIA S1C2
frequency of occurrence of the event,					
the confidence interval to be used, and					
the margin of error that will be					
acceptable?					
5.2 Did the MCO/PHP employ valid	$\boxtimes$			HEDIS methodology and specifications meet the	QAPI RE5Q1.3b-c
sampling techniques that protected				requirements of this component.	QIA S1C2
against bias?					
Specify the type of sampling or census					
used:					
5.3 Did the sample contain a sufficient	$\boxtimes$			HEDIS methodology and specifications meet the	QAPI RE5Q1.3b-c
number of enrollees?				requirements of this component.	QIA S1C2
Assessment Component 5					
Met − All required components are	present.				
Partially Met - Some, but not all cor	nponents	are prese	nt.		
Unmet -None of the required compo	nents is p	resent.			
Recommendations					

Step 6: REVIEW DATA COLLECTION	N PROCI	EDURES			
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar References
6.1 Did the study design clearly specify the data to be collected?	$\boxtimes$			Data to be collected was specified in the numerator and denominator for each of the five indicators.  HEDIS has well defined data requirements for each indicator.	QAPI RE4Q1&2
6.2 Did the study design clearly specify the sources of data	$\boxtimes$			HEDIS technical specifications meet the requirements of this component.	QAPI RE4Q1&2
6.3 Did the study design specify a systematic method of collecting valid and reliable data that represents the entire population to which the study's indicator(s) apply?				HEDIS methodology was used for collecting data for the five measures. There was no evidence of a plan to audit data to ensure validity and reliability for MY 2004 data.	QAPI RE4Q3a QAPI RE4Q3b QIA S1C1 QIA S1C3
6.4 Did the instruments for data collection provide for consistent, accurate data collection over the time periods studied?				There was no evidence to support clear data collection instruments designed to promote inter- rater reliability for any manual data collection.	QAPI RE4Q1&2 QAPI RE4Q3b QAPI RE7Q1&2
6.5 Did the study design prospectively specify a data analysis plan?				There was no evidence of a prospective data analysis plan.	QAPI RE5Q1.2
6.6 Were qualified staff and personnel used to collect the data?				Qualifications of staff used to collect the data were not specified.	QAPI RE4Q4
Assessment Component 6  Met - All required components are present.  Partially Met - Some, but not all components are present.  Unmet -None of the required components is present.					

### Step 6: REVIEW DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

### Recommendations

The PIP report should include a description of the internal plan to ensure the collection of valid and reliable data for each indicator. If manual data collection is performed for any indicator, describe how the data collection instrument was designed to promote inter-rater reliability. Describe a prospective data analysis plan for each indicator. Qualifications of staff/personnel used to collect the data should be specified for all indicators.

Step 7: ASSESS IMPROVEMENT S	TRATEGI	ES			
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
					References
7.1 Were reasonable interventions	$\boxtimes$			CareNet has consistently performed a barrier	QAPI RE6Q1a
undertaken to address causes/barriers				analysis following each remeasurement to identify	QAPI RE6Q1b
identified through data analysis and QI				opportunities for improvement and related	QAPI RE1SQ1-3
processes undertaken?				interventions to increase the adolescent	QIA \$3.5
				immunization rate for each indicator.	QIA S4.1
				Enrollee/family, provider, and administrative barriers	QIA \$4.2
				were identified by the Southern Health Quality	QIA \$4.3
				Improvement Department, which is comprised of	
				registered nurses and a data analyst. Educational	
				interventions targeted at parents/guardians and	
				providers as well as outreach to parents/guardians	
				and partnering with the Virginia Department of	
				Health Immunization Registry for data sharing	
				appear to be reasonable interventions based upon	
				the barriers identified.	
Assessment Component 7					
	resent.				
Partially Met – Some, but not all con	ponents	are prese	nt.		
Unmet -None of the required compor	Unmet -None of the required components is present.				
Recommendations					

Step 8: REVIEW DATA ANALYSIS	AND INT	ERPRETA	TION OF	STUDY RESULTS	
Component/Standard	Y	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
					References
8.1 Was an analysis of the findings	$\boxtimes$			CareNet analyzed its findings after the 2004	QAPI RE4Q4
performed according to the data				remeasurement period. Both a quantitative and	QIA III
analysis plan?				qualitative analysis was performed.	
8.2 Did the MCO/PHP present numerical	$\boxtimes$			The Data/Results Table accurately and clearly	
QIP results and findings accurately and				identified the rate and the comparison benchmark,	
clearly?				which was established at the 50th percentile from	
				Quality Compass for each of the five indicators.	
8.3 Did the analysis identify: initial and			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QAPI RE7Q2
repeat measurements, statistical				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	QIA S1C4
significance, factors that influence				Medical Assistance Services contractual	QIA S2.1
comparability of initial and repeat				requirement. Therefore, only 2004 measurements	
measurements, and factors that				were reviewed.	
threaten internal and external validity?					
8.4 Did the analysis of study data include			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QIA S2.2
an interpretation of the extent to which				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	
its QIP was successful and follow-up				Medical Assistance Services contractual	
activities?				requirement. Therefore, no analysis of the extent to	
				which the PIP was successful and follow-up activities	
				was required.	
Assessment Component 8					
	resent.				
Partially Met - Some, but not all con	nponents	are prese	nt.		
Unmet -None of the required compo	nents is pi	resent.			

Step 8:	REVIEW DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS
Recommendati	ons

Step 9: ASSESS WHETHER IMPROVEMENT IS REAL IMPROVEMENT					
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar
					References
9.1 Was the same methodology as the				This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QAPI RE7Q2
baseline measurement used when				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	QAPI 2SQ1-2
measurement was repeated?				Medical Assistance Services contractual	QIA S1C4
				requirement. Therefore, no repeat measurements	QIA S2.2
				will be reviewed during this cycle.	QIA S3.1
					QIA S3.3
					QIA S3.4
9.2 Was there any documented			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QAPI RE7Q3
quantitative improvement in processes				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	QIA S2.3
or outcomes of care?				Medical Assistance Services contractual	
				requirement. Therefore, documented quantitative	
				improvement in processes or outcomes of care was	
				not reviewed during this cycle.	
9.3 Does the reported improvement in			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QIA \$3.2
performance have face validity; i.e.,				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	
does the improvement in performance				Medical Assistance Services contractual	
appear to be the result of the planned				requirement. Therefore, this component will not be	
quality improvement intervention?				reviewed during this cycle.	
9.4 Is there any statistical evidence that			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QIA \$2.3
any observed performance				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	
improvement is true improvement?				Medical Assistance Services contractual	
				requirement. Therefore, this component will not be	
				reviewed during this cycle.	

Step 9:	ASSESS WHETHER IMPROVEMENT IS REAL IMPROVEMENT
Assessr	nent Component 9
$\boxtimes$	Met - All required components are present.
	Partially Met – Some, but not all components are present.
	Unmet -None of the required components is present.
Recomi	mendations

Step 10: ASSESS SUSTAINED IMPR	tep 10: ASSESS SUSTAINED IMPROVEMENT					
Component/Standard	Υ	N	N/A	Comments	Cites and Similar	
					References	
10.1 Was sustained improvement			$\boxtimes$	This is considered a baseline year for submission of	QAPI RE2SQ3	
demonstrated through repeated				this second PIP in compliance with a Department of	QIA II, III	
measurements over comparable time				Medical Assistance Services contractual		
periods?				requirement. Therefore, this component will not be		
				reviewed during this cycle.		
Assessment Component 10						
	Met – All required components are present.					
Partially Met - Some, but not all com	ponents	are prese	nt.			
Unmet -None of the required compor	Unmet -None of the required components is present.					
Recommendations						

	Key Findings for: Proposal Annual Resubmission Final
1.	Strengths
	<ul> <li>CareNet used use objective, clearly defined, measurable indicators based upon HEDIS specifications.</li> <li>A comprehensive quantitative and qualitative analysis was performed following each measurement period.</li> <li>Focused interventions were developed in response to identified barriers and opportunities for improvement.</li> <li>Remeasurement 4 results increased over the baseline results for all five measures. Four of the five measures increased over remeasurement 3 results.</li> </ul>
2.	Best Practices
	None identified.
3.	Potential /significant issues experienced by MCO (Barrier Analysis/Clarification Questions)
	Barriers identified included:  > Inadequate enrollee knowledge.
	Inadequate practitioner knowledge.
	Inadequate capture of adolescent immunization rates.
4.	Actions taken by MCO (Barrier Analysis/Response to Clarification Questions)
	Actions taken by the MCO included:
	Monthly parent/guardian and physician reminder letters sent.
	Provided educational information and/or materials relating to adolescent immunizations to PCP offices.
	CareNet and Coventry began working with Virginia Department of Health/Immunization Registry to share data.
	Preventive Health Guidelines mailed to enrollees.
	Educational articles published in enrollee and provider newsletters.
5.	Recommendations for the next submission (Pull from each Step Recommendations)
	<ul> <li>Develop a clear problem statement that not only analyzes performance relative to national benchmarks but also cites the potential health consequences identified in clinical literature for performance below benchmarks.</li> <li>Ensure that numerators and denominators support all identified indicators.</li> </ul>

Key Findings for: Proposal Annual Resubmission Final
> The PIP report should include a description of the internal plan to ensure the collection of valid and reliable data for each indicator.  If manual data collection is performed for any indicator, describe how the data collection instrument was designed to promote interrater reliability. Describe a prospective data analysis plan for each indicator. Qualifications of staff/personnel used to collect the data should be specified for all indicators.
The study design and methodology for this PIP submission meets PIP requirements. The EQRO recommends that the MCO continue with the project and report next year in the Spring of 2006 (exact time to be determined).
<ul> <li>The study design and methodology for this PIP submission does not meet PIP requirements. To meet requirements, we recommend the MCO resubmit the following by (date):</li> <li>(Action)</li> <li>(Action)</li> </ul>